House	Amendment NO
Offered By	
AMEND Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 36, Painserting after all of said section and line the following:	ge 5, Section 211.073, Line 53, by
"565.020. 1. A person commits the crime of murder in the	e first degree if he knowingly causes
the death of another person after deliberation upon the matter.	
2. Murder in the first degree is a class A felony, and, if a p	
eighteenth birthday at the time of the commission of the crime, the	
or imprisonment for life without eligibility for probation or parol	
governor; except that, if a person has not reached his or her [sixte	
time of the commission of the crime, the punishment shall be eith	
eligibility for probation or parole, or release except by act of the	governor, or life imprisonment with
eligibility for parole after forty years.	1 . 1 . 2 . 2
3. If the person has not reached his or her eighteenth birth	•
of the crime, the court shall hold a hearing upon the motion of the	• •
whether the mandatory sentence of life imprisonment should be v	
with eligibility for parole after forty years. Such motion shall be	<del>_</del>
person's conviction. In the event the prosecuting attorney does not be a second of the person's conviction.	
fourteen days, the sentence shall be life with eligibility for parole	
4. The motion of the prosecuting attorney shall specify the	de basis on which he or she believes
the proper sentence shall be life without the possibility of parole.	toru ogarovatina airavmatanaa
5. At such hearing, the court shall consider both the statu	
under subsection 2 of section 565.032 and the statutory mitigating of section 565.032.	g circumstances under subsection 3
6. At the sentencing, the court shall specify on the record	the statutory aggregating
circumstances and the statutory mitigating circumstances consider	
reasons supporting the sentence imposed. The court may consider	
together with any new evidence presented at the sentencing hearing	<del>-</del>
7. The procedures specified in subsections 3, 4, 5 and 6 o	_
case that is final for purposes of appeal on or before the enactmer	
final for purposes of appeal when the time for filing an appeal in	
expired; if an appeal was filed in the Missouri Court of Appeals,	* *
application for transfer to the Missouri Supreme Court has expire	
the Missouri Supreme Court has been filed, when the application	•
timely filed motion for rehearing was denied; or if the Missouri S	
when the Missouri Supreme Court rendered its decision or when	
was denied.	
8. Any person sentenced to imprisonment for life without	the eligibility for probation or

Action Taken\_\_\_\_\_\_Date\_\_\_\_\_

parole for a crime committed before the person reached his or her eighteenth birthday, and who was sentenced prior to the effective date of this section, may file a motion in the sentencing court for a sentencing hearing. Such sentencing hearing shall be heard by the judge. The sole purpose of the sentencing hearing shall be to determine if the sentence of imprisonment for life without the eligibility for probation or parole which was originally imposed shall remain or should be amended to life with eligibility for parole after forty years.

9. This section shall have an emergency clause and shall be effective upon signature by the governor.

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to protect public safety and to ensure the constitutionality of statutes regarding criminal procedure for juvenile offenders the repeal and reenactment of section 565.020 of section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of section 565.020 of section A of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

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Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.